### Writing & Presenting

### **DESCRIPTION**

### **Objective**

Students will be able to apply speaking and listening concepts from the student program to an oral presentation based on an independently written script.

### **Instructional Focus Areas**

- Language purpose: explain information related to everyday topics
- Grammar: subordinating conjunctions (when)
- Writing Genre: narrative
- Oral presentation: speaking about a special event, celebration, field trip, or festival

### **Prepare**

- Create the following Anchor Charts with students beforehand (see <u>Anchor Charts</u> on page 5 in the *Implementation Guide* for instructions):
  - What Good Presenters Do
  - TAG Feedback

### **PART A: Grammar Practice**

### **Step 1: Language Frames Anchor Chart**

- (say) You're going to write and present a narrative script where you will tell a story about a time that you participated in a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration. First we'll make an Anchor Chart with the language frames you've learned about. This will help you talk about the topic and draft a script for your presentation.
- Treate and display the language frames anchor chart for students to refer to as they complete the activities.

<ul> <li>Example target</li> </ul>	language frames:	
First, I	(past tense verb phrase) <b>when</b> I	_ (past tense verb phrase).
■ Then, <b>when</b>	I (past tense verb phrase) I	_ (past tense verb phrase).
■ Finally, I	(past tense verb phrase) <b>when</b> I	(past tense verb phrase

### **Step 2: Grammar Practice Activity**

- → Distribute the **Grammar Practice** activity page (Reproducible page 1).
- Review the definition and example at the top of the page for the subordinating conjunction when (see **Scaffolding Suggestions** on page 9 in the **Implementation Guide**).
- Have students complete the **Grammar Practice** activity page with the targeted grammar words/phrases.

### **Step 3: Review & Discuss**

- Review student answers using the answer key provided in the **Teacher Reference** section.
- (say) Later you'll write a script about a time that you participated in a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration. You will use the words and phrases you've learned about in your presentation.

### **PART B: Graphic Organizer**

### Step 1: Draw-Pair-Share

- Say Sometimes presenters use visual aids, pictures, or drawings to help their audience better understand their ideas. Think about what you'd like to write and speak about and take a moment to draw your story on your graphic organizer.
- → Distribute the *Personal Narrative* graphic organizer (Reproducible page 2).
- Think about a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration that you have participated in. Tell the story of what happened that day, making sure to include the beginning, middle, and end.
- → Have students draw a picture that represents the beginning, middle, and end of their story.
- → Place them in pairs and have them share their drawings, encouraging students to use the subordinating conjunction *when* as they describe their pictures.
- Remind students to use the sentences from the Language Frames Anchor Chart in their conversations.

### **Step 2: Graphic Organizer Brainstorm**

- Now that you've had an opportunity to share your drawings, let's think about how to fill in the graphic organizer. Look at the box titled "Beginning" and I'll share an example. Juan, from Lexia English, told a story about Toni Minthorn, a member of the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation in Oregon, and a special event that happens in her city called the Pendleton Round-Up. I'm going to use details from the story Juan shared about the Pendleton Round-Up as an example of how to tell a story with a beginning, middle, and end.
- Model how to complete the graphic organizer (there is a sample student graphic organizer in the **Teacher Reference** section).
- As needed, guide students through completing the remainder of the graphic organizer and adapting the transition words to those typically used in their writing activities.
- Encourage students to tell a story about an event that happened in their lives.

### Step 3: Write-Pair-Share

- → Provide sufficient time for students to fill out all parts of the *Personal Narrative* graphic organizer.
- → Have students share their graphic organizers with a partner.
- Display the TAG Feedback Anchor Chart and remind students to use the questions on the poster to help them provide feedback to their partner.

### **PART C: Presentation Script**

### **Step 1: Presentation Script Checklist**

- You're going to write a first draft of your script. It's important for good writers and speakers to draft and edit their work. Use this checklist to make sure that you included all the necessary information in your script.
- Review the **Presentation Script** activity page (Reproducible page 3) and make sure students have a clear understanding of each item on the *Presentation Script Checklist*.
- Invite students to generate examples for each item from their graphic organizer (see the sample student script in the **Teacher Reference** section for a model).

### **Step 2: Write & Review**

- (say) Now you'll start writing your presentation script. Remember to use the Presentation Script Checklist and your graphic organizer to quide your writing.
- → Provide sufficient time for students to engage in the writing process.\*
- (say) Before you share your draft with a partner, take a moment to review it using the checklist. Make sure all items on the checklist are included in your script and place a check mark next to each completed item in the **Self** column.
- → Encourage students to highlight or circle the parts of their scripts that reflect each requirement from the checklist.

### Step 3: Read-Pair-Share

- → Have students read aloud their own scripts to a partner.
- Instruct the listening partner to place check marks in the **Partner** column of the checklist for all items that have been included in the script.
- → Refer students to the *TAG Feedback* Anchor Chart to help guide their partner feedback.
- → Provide time for students to edit their scripts based on feedback.

<sup>\*</sup>While this process is focused on oral language development, feel free to modify this step for additional engagement in the writing process, using approaches students are familiar with.

### **PART D: Final Presentation Practice & Edits**

### **Step 1: Presentation Delivery Checklist**

- Now that you've completed your graphic organizer and had opportunities to improve your draft, it's time to practice your presentation skills. You'll also have an opportunity to finalize your script before you present it to your audience.
- Review the **Final Presentation** activity page (Reproducible page 4) and make sure students have a clear understanding of each item on the *Presentation Delivery Checklist*.
- Display the What Good Presenters Do Anchor Chart and remind students of what they brainstormed.

### Step 2: Read-Pair-Share

- → Have students read aloud their scripts to a partner.
- Instruct the listening partner to place check marks in the **Partner** column of the checklist for all items that have been included in the delivery of their partner's presentation.
- Remind students to use the *TAG Feedback* Anchor Chart to guide their feedback.

### **Step 3: Final Edits**

- (Say) Take time now to finalize your script and make sure to include any items you missed from the Presentation Delivery Checklist.
- → Make sure students have practiced how to incorporate any missing items from the checklist into the delivery of their presentations.
- Model, as needed, any presentation notes that will help students deliver their final scripts (see Scaffolding Suggestions on page 9 in the Implementation Guide).
- Provide sufficient time for students to write their final scripts and any presentation notes at the bottom of the **Final Presentation** activity page.

### **PART E: Final Presentation**

### **Step 1: Teacher Prep**

- Review Oral Presentation Supports on page 11 in the Implementation Guide for ideas on how to best support students in preparing to give their oral presentations, as well as options for presentation formats, groupings, and assessment of presentations.
- Select the appropriate Oral Presentation Rubric you will share with students from pages 12-14 of the Implementation Guide.



### **Step 2: Oral Presentation Rubric**

- (Say) Before you deliver your final script, let's review how your presentation will be assessed.
- Provide students with the **Oral Presentation Rubric** and review the criteria for each category.
- Make connections from this criteria to the ideas brainstormed on the What Good Presenters Do Anchor Chart.

### **Step 3: Final Presentation**

- (say) You'll now have an opportunity to schedule your final presentations, present, and celebrate all the progress you've made!
- → Provide students with additional time to practice before presenting their final scripts.

### **Teacher Reference**

NAME:	DATE:	LEVEL 11 Jarrative Text Conjunctions
	PART A: Grammar Practice	
	<b>Directions:</b> For each set, fill in the blanks with words from the bank that correctly complete sentence.	each
Writing & Presentin	We use the word <b>when</b> to show what happens after or because of something else.  Example: First, we bought our tickets <b>when</b> we arrived at the zoo.	
& F	visited when saw	
. <u>⊆</u> `	1. First, <u>when</u> we walked through the gate, we saw a big fountain.	
/rit	2. Next, wesaw many different animals when we walked around the zoo.	
>	<b>3.</b> Finally, when we finished seeing all the animals, we <u>visited</u> the gift shop.	
	watched when when	
	1. First, <u>when</u> I went to the Pendleton Round-Up, I watched the horse relay ro	aces.
	2. Then, I heard stories about the Native People in Oregon when I <u>watched</u> the Happy Canyon Pageant.	
	3. Lastly, I bought a special craft <u>when</u> I shopped at the Native American Inc	lian tables.
	when walked finished	
	<ol> <li>First, we saw lanterns everywhere when we <u>walked</u> through the streets during the street during the stree</li></ol>	ng the
	2. Next, we guessed the lantern riddles <u>when</u> we stopped to read the riddles on the lanterns.	written
	3. Later, when we <u>finished</u> watching the dragon dances, we ate sweet rice balls	
	Lexia ENGLISH (Lexia Skill Builders) Repro	ducible page 1

### **Teacher Reference**

NAME:	DATE:

LEVEL 11

Narrative Text Conjunctions

### **PART B: Personal Narrative Graphic Organizer**

### Writing & Presenting

### **Oral Presentation Prompt:**

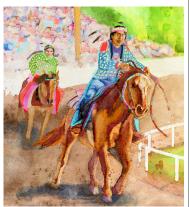
Think about a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration that you have participated in. Tell the story of what happened that day, making sure to include the beginning, middle, and end.

**Directions:** First, draw pictures to represent the beginning, middle, and end of your story. Then, write what happened in each part of the story. Make sure to use the word **when**.

Beginning

Middle

End







First,

Next,

Finally,

First, when I watched the horse relay races, I saw the fastest horse ever!

Next, I heard stories about the Native People in Oregon when I watched the Happy Canyon Pageant. Finally, I bought a special craft when I shopped at the Native American Indian tables.

Lexia ENGLISH Lexia Skill Builders

Reproducible page 2

### **Teacher Reference**

Use this model to help guide students' writing.

Have it visible to students and mark up the text so they can make connections to items from the checklist.

DATE:

LEVEL 11
Narrative Text
Conjunctions

### **PART C: Presentation Script**

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### **Oral Presentation Prompt:**

Think about a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration that you have participated in. Tell the story of what happened that day, making sure to include the beginning, middle, and end.

**Directions:** Write your presentation script in the space below. Use the checklist to help guide your drafting.

Presentation Script Checklist		SELF ✓	PARTNER
Do you have a beginning, middle, and end that use the words first, next, and finally?			
Do you add details or evidence to support your ideas?		You can mark up the	
		ext and say	y: This
Do you include when?		is an example of a beginning using the	
	W	ord <b>first</b> .	

Last year, I went to a famous event in Oregon called the
Pendleton Round-Up. First, when I watched the horse relay
races, I saw the fastest horse ever! Next, I heard stories
about the Native People in Oregon when I watched the Happy
Canyon Pageant. Finally, I bought a special craft when I
shopped at the Native American Indian tables. I had so much
fun at the Pendleton Round-Up learning about the Native
people of Oregon!

You can mark up the
text and say: This is
an example of how
when is used.



Reproducible page 3

### Writing & Presenting

### **PART A: Grammar Practice**

**Directions:** For each set, fill in the blanks with words from the bank that correctly complete each sentence.

We use the word **when** to show what happens after or because of something else.

Example: First, we bought our tickets when we arrived at the zoo.

	visited	when	saw
1. Firs	t, <u>when</u> w	e walked through the gate, we sav	ν a big fountain.
<b>2.</b> Nex	ct, we	_ many different animals when we	e walked around the zoo.
3. Find	ally, when we finished	seeing all the animals, we	the gift shop.
	watched	when	when
1. Firs	it, I \	vent to the Pendleton Round-Up,	I watched the horse relay races.
	en, I heard stories abou opy Canyon Pageant.	ıt the Native People in Oregon wh	en I the
3. Las	tly, I bought a special	craft I shopped	at the Native American Indian tal
	when	walked	finished

1. First, we saw lanterns everywhere when we \_\_\_\_\_ through the streets during the Chinese lantern festival.

- 2. Next, we guessed the lantern riddles \_\_\_\_\_ we stopped to read the riddles written on the lanterns.
- 3. Later, when we \_\_\_\_\_ watching the dragon dances, we ate sweet rice balls.



NAME:	DATE:

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### **PART B: Personal Narrative Graphic Organizer**

### **Oral Presentation Prompt:**

Think about a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration that you have participated in. Tell the story of what happened that day, making sure to include the beginning, middle, and end.

**Directions:** First, draw pictures to represent the beginning, middle, and end of your story. Then, write what happened in each part of the story. Make sure to use the word **when**.

Beginning	Middle	End
First,	Next,	Finally,

PARTNER

**SELF** 

NAME:	DATE:
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### **PART C: Presentation Script**

### **Oral Presentation Prompt:**

Think about a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration that you have participated in. Tell the story of what happened that day, making sure to include the beginning, middle, and end.

**Directions:** Write your presentation script in the space below. Use the checklist to help guide your drafting.

Presentation Script Checklist	SELF ✓	PARTNER ✓
Do you have a beginning, middle, and end that use the words first, next, and finally?		
Do you add details or evidence to support your ideas?		
Do you have periods, commas, etc.?		
Do you include <i>when</i> ?		

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### **PART D: Final Presentation Practice & Edits**

### **Oral Presentation Prompt:**

Think about a special field trip, festival, event, or celebration that you have participated in. Tell the story of what happened that day, making sure to include the beginning, middle, and end.

**Directions:** Write a final draft of your presentation script. Practice delivering your presentation to a partner. Use the checklist to help guide your delivery.

Presentation Delivery Checklist		PARTNER
1	My partner is prepared for their presentation with a final script.	
	My partner uses the words first, next, and finally.	
	My partner uses details or evidence to support their ideas.	
99	My partner keeps eye contact with their audience.	
Ť	My partner shows enthusiasm about the topic.	
	My partner's voice is loud and clear enough to understand.	