Lexia[®] PowerUp Literacy[®] Writing Prompt Pack

Contents

What Is Included	iii
Suggested Use	iv
Writing Prompts	
Informational Text—Perseverance	1
Informational Text—Summer	2
Informational Text—Education	3
Procedural Text—Hike	4
Procedural Text —Game	5
Argumentative Text—Space	6
Argumentative Text—Late Start	7
Argumentative Text—Curiosity	8
Argumentative Text—Mobile Phones	9
Argumentative Text—Compassion	10
Argumentative Text—Hero	11
Correspondence—Rules	12
Correspondence—Review	13
Correspondence—Role Model	14
Literary Text— <i>Eleven</i>	15
Literary Text—Dust of Snow	16
Literary Text—Relaxation	17
Literary Text—Wonder	18
Literary Text—Winning	19
Literary Text—The Outsiders	20
Student Writing Checklists	21
Scoring Rubrics	26
Writing Prompt Inventory	31

Lexia PowerUp Literacy Writing Prompt Pack

What Is Included

This set of writing prompts helps teachers offer focussed writing practice for students in Years 7 and above. The **Lexia PowerUp Literacy Writing Prompt Pack** includes:

- **20 engaging prompts** presented in a format similar to standardised writing assessments to familiarise students with common formats and requirements.
 - Writing practice is provided in a variety of genres:

Informational Text

Procedural Text

Argumentative Text

Correspondence

Literary Text

- The writing prompts include engaging, year-appropriate themes and topics from the comprehension strand of Lexia PowerUp Literacy.
- **Teacher-facing rubrics** for evaluating student writing performance based on:
 - Organisation/progression
 - · Development of ideas
 - Use of language and conventions
- **Student-friendly checklists** to help students understand and improve their writing performance.

Lexia PowerUp Literacy Writing Prompt Pack

Suggested Use

Use the Writing Prompt Pack to extend or enhance your current writing curriculum and practice.

- **Connect writing prompts to the various text structures** addressed in the online PowerUp program. Tying text structures to the writing prompts provides students the opportunity to move from reading and analysing to using text structures to extend and reinforce their written expression.
- Schedule students for timed practice of writing as preparation for standardised writing assessments.
- Have students work in pairs or groups to check each other's work.

The Crow and the Pitcher

by Aesop

A CROW, half-dead with thirst, came upon a Pitcher, but when the Crow put its beak into the Pitcher, he found that he could not reach the little water that was in it. He tried, and he tried, but at last had to give up in despair. Then a thought came to him, and he took a pebble and dropped it into the Pitcher. Then he took another pebble and dropped it into the Pitcher. Then he took another pebble and dropped it into the Pitcher. He kept dropping pebbles in the Pitcher. At last, he saw the water rise and after casting in a few more pebbles he was able to quench his thirst and save his life.

Still Here

by Langston Hughes

I been scarred and battered.

My hopes the wind done scattered.

Snow has friz me,

Sun has baked me,

Looks like between 'em they done Tried to make me

Stop laughin', stop lovin', stop livin'—

But I don't care!

I'm still here!

THINK carefully about the following statements.

Both the fable and the poem have the theme of perseverance. Having perseverance means being determined to keep doing something until a goal is achieved.

WRITE an essay explaining perseverance and how being determined and not giving up helps in achieving a goal. Use examples from the two texts.

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively 	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
☐ choose your words carefully		
	□ clearly state your controlling idea □ organise and develop your explanation effectively	□ clearly state your controlling idea □ organise and develop your explanation effectively □ use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences

In Ray Bradbury's science fiction story *All Summer in a Day*, he imagines a colony of "rocket men and women" living on Venus. Because Venus is wrapped in clouds, the sun only shines there for two hours every seven years. On the day the sun will shine, a group of nine-year-old students waits eagerly with their teacher for the sun to appear. Margot, the only child who has seen the sun from Earth, tries to describe it as a "penny" or a "fire." The students mock her because they are jealous of her memory of the sun. They lock her in the closet so that she misses the rare event on Venus completely.

THINK carefully about the following statement.

Jealousy is a strong, uncomfortable feeling of wanting what someone else has.

WRITE an essay explaining how jealousy can damage relationships or a person's own sense of self. Offer examples and anecdotes as evidence.

Be sure to —		
clearly state your controlling ideaorganise and develop your explanation effectively	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
☐ choose your words carefully		

In July 2013, Malala Yousafzai gave a speech to the United Nations. It was her first public speech after being shot in the head by the Taliban in her native country of Pakistan the previous October. She and her fellow students were shot for going to school because the Taliban does not believe in girls getting an education. In her speech, Malala says she doesn't hate the Taliban who shot her. She says she is speaking for "the right of education of every child," and even education for the "sons and daughters of all extremists." Malala says that there is only one solution to poverty, ignorance, racism, and injustice. "Education is the only solution. Education First."

THINK carefully about the following question.

How can education solve problems and create understanding and cooperation?

WRITE an essay explaining how education can solve problems and create understanding in the world. Give specific reasons with examples of the positive effects of education.

Be sure to —		
□ clearly state your controlling idea □ organise and develop your explanation effectively □ choose your words carefully	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	

PRESENT (optional)	
☐ organise a presentation ☐ make eye contact	□ pronounce words clearly at a normal rate□ use a strong voice and natural gestures

Name:

Imagine that one of your friends has invited you to go on a day hike in a park close to where you live. You are excited to go, but you need to prepare. You have a backpack, but you need to think about what to put in it. In addition, you need to think about what to wear and what to bring in case it rains or snows. And what shoes will you wear?

THINK carefully about the following statement.

Many people go hiking without being well-prepared, and sometimes they find themselves in a storm with no hat or thirsty without water.

WRITE an essay explaining why it is important to prepare for a day hike. Write the detailed steps that you will take to prepare for the hike.

Be sure to —		
clearly state your controlling ideaorganise and develop your explanation effectively	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
□ choose your words carefully		

Name:

Playing games has been an important part of cultures since ancient times. Ancient Egyptians played a board game called Senet over 5,000 years ago. Card games and dominos were played in China over 2,000 years ago. A board game called Mancala has been played for thousands of years in Africa, and it is still played today. Today, video games let people play games with others from different cities and countries around the world.

THINK carefully about the following question.

What is your favourite game and how do you play it?

WRITE an essay describing how to play your favourite game. Write step-by-step instructions including important details.

Be sure to —		
☐ clearly state your central idea	☐ choose your words carefully	
☐ organise your writing	☐ use correct spelling, capitalisation,	
develop your writing in detail	punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	

Name: _____

READ the information in the box below.

The National Aeronautic Space Administration (NASA) budget for 2019 is \$19.5 billion. About \$10 billion of this money will be spent on preparing for humans to return to the moon. The goal is to have humans orbiting the moon by 2020. Eventually, knowledge gained from moon landings and orbits will be used for manned expeditions to Mars and deep space. In the meantime, there are missions planned to have robots visit Mars and fly by Jupiter's moon, Europa, by 2020 as well.

THINK carefully about the following statements.

Some people think there are better ways to spend this money on Earth rather than in space. They say the money could be used to take care of people who are suffering because of a lack of food, clean water, or housing.

WRITE an essay stating your opinion on whether spending the money for space exploration is a good idea or if there is a better use for the funds. Write more than one paragraph to persuade your audience of your opinion. Include reasons and appeal to your audience's values and emotions.

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively choose your words carefully 	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	

DISCUSS (optional)	
□ work in groups□ identify points of agreement/disagreement	□ provide and accept feedback□ take notes, collaborate, and set goals

Name: _____

READ the information in the box below.

The American Academy of Sleep Medicine says that teenagers need 8–10 hours of sleep. Getting enough sleep helps students stay healthy and improves their academic performance. However, 75–100% of middle schools and high schools in 42 states start school before 8:30 a.m. Because adolescents tend to stay up later in the evening, the early start to school means that they often don't get enough sleep. The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends that middle schools and high schools start at 8:30 a.m. or later.

THINK carefully about the following question.

How does the start time at your school make a difference to you and other students?

WRITE an argumentative essay for or against changing the start time at your school. Write more than one paragraph to support your position with reasons and examples.

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively choose your words carefully 	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	,

PRESENT (optional)	
☐ organise a presentation ☐ make eye contact	☐ pronounce words clearly at a normal rate ☐ use a strong voice and natural gestures

Name:

Is curiosity a good thing or not? There is the old saying that *Curiosity killed the cat*. Many believe that having a curious nature is an important characteristic trait to have as it helps you learn. Often, teachers encourage students to be curious about the subjects they are studying.

THINK carefully about the following question.

Do you consider being curious a positive trait or can a person be too curious?

WRITE an essay with multiple paragraphs that explains whether you consider curiosity to be positive or negative. Persuade your audience of your opinion by including reasons and appealing to your audience's values and emotions.

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively choose your words carefully 	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	

Name:	<u> </u>	
Nullie.		

There is a debate about whether students should be allowed to use their mobile phones in school as learning devices. A US research study, *Hold the Phone!*, published in 2016 found that 7 out of 10 secondary school students said that mobile phones support their learning. Almost 91% of these students said they used their mobile phones for school work outside of class. Yet, 30% of these same students were in favour of banning the use of mobile phones in school. They said that mobile phone use in class is distracting. Mobile phones can also be used for cheating or cyberbullying.

THINK carefully about the following question.

Do you think that your school should allow for mobile phones to be used in class for learning?

WRITE an argumentative essay stating your position for or against the use of mobile phones in the classroom. Write more than one paragraph to support your position with reasons and examples.

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively choose your words carefully 	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
a choose your words carefully		

PRESENT (optional)	
☐ organise a presentation☐ make eye contact	☐ pronounce words clearly at a normal rate☐ use a strong voice and natural gestures

A Zen Story about Compassion

Once upon a time a student came to his Master and asked, "What is compassion?" The Master took the student to the window and said, "Watch the beggar on the corner below." An old lady was walking down the street and stopped to look at the beggar. She shook her finger at him and threw him a gold coin. Next a wealthy merchant came down the street and stopped to look at the beggar. He took a handful of gold coins out of his pocket and made certain they made a loud sound when they dropped into the beggar's bowl. Last, a little boy came down the street. He had gone out early in the morning to pick a bouquet of flowers for his mother. He had no money, but when he saw the beggar, he bent down and handed the beggar a flower.

THINK carefully about the following statement.

Compassion is showing sympathy and concern for the suffering of others.

WRITE an essay explaining who in the story showed the most compassion and why. Write multiple paragraphs to support your opinion with evidence from the text.

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively 	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
☐ choose your words carefully		

What is a hero? Is it a person with incredible abilities, such as a famous athlete? Is a person of courage, such as a military soldier? Or is it an everyday person who suddenly decides to save the life of someone else in a way that puts his or her own life in danger?

THINK carefully about the following question.

What are the characteristics of a hero?

WRITE an essay with multiple paragraphs that explains what being a hero means to you. Support your opinion with reasons and examples.

Be sure to —		
clearly state your controlling ideaorganise and develop your explanation effectively	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
□ choose your words carefully		

SCUSS (optional)		
vork in groups	☐ provide and accept feedback	
dentify points of agreement/disagreement	☐ take notes, collaborate, set goals	

Rules, rules. Attending school means following lots of rules. But when times change, sometimes rules need to change. Consider the old saying "Rules are made to be broken," which suggests that rules sometimes need to be modified or ended.

THINK carefully about the following question.

Is there one rule in your school that seems to you to be unfair or no longer important?

WRITE a letter to your school principal stating your position about a rule in your school that seems to be unfair or no longer important. Support your claim by writing more than one paragraph that includes evidence and reasoning.

Be sure to —		
 □ clearly state your controlling idea □ include the date, a salutation, and a closing □ organise and develop your explanation effectively 	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
□ choose your words carefully		

Name:

When a new book is published or a new movie is released, people write reviews about them. These reviewers describe what the book or movie is about. They also critique the work. In other words, they give reasons why they think that reading the book or seeing the movie is worth the time and money.

THINK carefully about the following question.

Have you recently read a book or seen a movie that you would recommend to a friend?

WRITE a letter to your friend describing a book or movie to encourage your friend to read the book or see the movie too. Write multiple paragraphs to persuade your friend. Provide the reasons why you think the book or movie is worthwhile.

	Be sure to —		
	 □ clearly state your controlling idea □ include the date, a salutation, and a closing □ organise and develop your explanation effectively □ choose your words carefully 	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
/			

PRESENT (optional)	
☐ organise a presentation	☐ pronounce words clearly at a normal rate
☐ make eye contact	☐ use a strong voice and natural gestures

Name: _____

READ the information in the box below.

A person we admire can be a role model for us. A role model is someone we look up to and want to learn from. For example, if they are working at a job, finding ways to help others, or playing a sport, they can give us advice that can make a difference in our future.

THINK about someone you admire and what you would like to learn from him or her.

WRITE a letter to this person, explaining the reasons why you consider him or her a role model. Ask for advice on how you might achieve your own personal goals.

Be sure to —		
☐ clearly state your central idea	☐ choose your words carefully	
lue include the date, a salutation, and a closing	use correct spelling, capitalisation,	
☐ organise your writing	punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
☐ develop your writing in detail	55555	

Name:

In her short story *Eleven*, Sandra Cisneros describes a memorable birthday for a girl named Rachel. On the day she is turning eleven, she is in school. Her teacher, Mrs Price, is forcing her to put on an ugly red sweater that isn't even hers. She tries to speak up and tell the teacher the sweater is not hers. The teacher doesn't believe her. Rachel cries in front of everyone in class. She feels humiliated, and of all days, it is her eleventh birthday.

THINK carefully about the following questions.

Is there a birthday that you remember very well from the past? Did it go as you expected? Did something wonderful happen or was it a disaster?

WRITE a personal narrative describing a memorable birthday and why you still remember it.

-			1
	Be sure to —		
	□ clearly state your controlling idea□ organise and develop your explanation effectively	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
	□ choose your words carefully		

READ the poem in the box below.

Dust of Snow

by Robert Frost

The way a crow
Shook down on me
The dust of snow
From a hemlock tree

Has given my heart A change of mood And saved some part Of a day I had rued.

THINK carefully about the following statements.

To rue something is to regret it. The poet is saying that suddenly his mood changed from regret to feeling alive, maybe even hopeful, after having this experience in nature.

WRITE an essay describing a time when you observed or experienced something in nature that made you feel hopeful and happy.

Be sure to —		
□ clearly state your controlling idea□ organise and develop your explanation effectively	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
☐ choose your words carefully		

Name: _	

"Every now and then go away, have a little relaxation, for when you come back to your work your judgment will be surer."

—Leonardo da Vinci

THINK carefully about the following questions.

What do you do to relax? Do you play a game, listen to music, or just take a walk? Does it help you feel ready for the next challenge or project?

WRITE an essay describing what you do to relax and how relaxation helps you to feel prepared for whatever challenges you will face next.

Be sure to —		
clearly state your controlling ideaorganise and develop your explanation effectively	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
☐ choose your words carefully		

Name: _____

READ the information in the box below.

In R.J. Palacio's novel *Wonder*, August "Auggie" Pullman has a medical condition that has disfigured his face. After years of homeschooling, he wants to go to school with other students his age. At school, Auggie suffers from bullying from his classmate, Julian. He also makes friends, Jack and Summer. Auggie's friendships are tested when his friends get bullied for being loyal to him. Julian's friends step in to save Auggie and Jack from being beaten up by older students at a school outing. At the end, Julian won't be returning to school the next year, and Auggie has more friends to count on.

THINK carefully about the following statements.

Loyalty is an important part of true friendship. True friends stand by each other when challenges arise.

WRITE an essay describing a time when a friend showed their loyalty to you or describe a time you were loyal to a friend in need.

Be sure to —		
□ clearly state your controlling idea□ organise and develop your explanation effectively	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
□ choose your words carefully		

Name:

Simone Biles, winner of four Olympic gold medals in gymnastics, once offered this advice: "A successful competition for me is always going out there and putting 100 percent into whatever I'm doing. At the end of the day, if I can say I had fun, it was a good day."

THINK carefully about the following question.

Have you ever watched a competition—such as a sport, game, or contest—and cheered on your friend or favourite team?

WRITE an essay describing the competition. What happened? Did your friend or favourite team win or lose? How did you feel after it was over?

Be sure to —		
 clearly state your controlling idea organise and develop your explanation effectively 	use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences	
☐ choose your words carefully		
		- 2

Name: _____

READ the information in the box below.

S.E. Hinton wrote the book The Outsiders based on her experiences growing up. It is narrated by Ponyboy, a 14-year-old who lives in a small city in Oklahoma in the 1960s. Ponyboy is a member of the Greasers. The Greasers are constantly battling with the Socs (pronounced "soashes", short for "socials"), a rival group that comes from a wealthier part of town. Despite the conflict between the groups, Ponyboy is getting to know some of the Socs. In this excerpt, Ponyboy and his Greaser friend, Two-Bit, are walking with their new Soc friends, Cherry and Marcia. Cherry and Ponyboy mention how the Socs and Greasers are different but discover ways they might be similar.

THINK carefully about the following statements.

All of us like to be part of a group. However, sometimes we need to go our own way to do what we want or stand up for what we believe.

WRITE an essay describing a time when you stood up for something you wanted or believed in.

Be sure to —		
clearly state your controlling ideaorganise and develop your explanation effectively	 use correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, and complete sentences 	
☐ choose your words carefully		

STUDENT WRITING CHECKLIST: INFORMATIONAL TEXT

ORGANISATION/ PROGRESSION	☐ I reread the "WRITE" prompt. ☐ I understood the purpose for writing. ☐ I organised my ideas before writing. ☐ I clearly stated my central idea. ☐ Every supporting idea relates to my central idea. ☐ I used transitions to connect sentences and ideas.
DEVELOPMENT OF IDEAS	☐ I included enough information to explain my ideas. ☐ I used specific details and examples to support my ideas. ☐ I made my writing clear and interesting.
USE OF LANGUAGE/ CONVENTIONS	 □ I used specific, descriptive words to support my ideas. □ I reread my sentences to be sure they are complete and make sense. □ I checked my spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar.
NOTES	What did I do well? What can I improve?

^{© 2024} Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

	Name: _		Title:
--	---------	--	--------

STUDENT WRITING CHECKLIST: PROCEDURAL TEXT

ORGANISATION/ PROGRESSION	 □ I reread the "WRITE" prompt. □ I understood the purpose for writing. □ I organised my ideas before writing. □ I clearly stated my central idea. □ Every supporting idea relates to my central idea. □ I used transitions to connect sentences and ideas.
DEVELOPMENT OF IDEAS	☐ I included enough information to explain my ideas. ☐ I used specific details and examples to support my ideas. ☐ I made my writing clear and interesting.
USE OF LANGUAGE/ CONVENTIONS	 □ I used specific, descriptive words to support my ideas. □ I reread my sentences to be sure they are complete and make sense. □ I checked my spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar.
NOTES	What did I do well? What can I improve?

^{© 2024} Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

STUDENT WRITING CHECKLIST: ARGUMENTATIVE TEXT

ORGANISATION/ PROGRESSION	☐ I reread the "WRITE" prompt. ☐ I understood the purpose for writing. ☐ I organised my ideas before writing. ☐ I clearly stated my position/opinion. ☐ Every supporting idea relates to my position/opinion. ☐ I used transitions to connect sentences and ideas.
DEVELOPMENT OF IDEAS	 □ I included enough information to support my position/opinion and explain my ideas. □ I used specific reasons and evidence to support my ideas. □ I made my writing clear and interesting. □ I used persuasion when appropriate.
USE OF LANGUAGE/ CONVENTIONS	 I used specific, descriptive words to support my ideas. I reread my sentences to make sure they are complete and make sense. I checked my spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar.
NOTES	What did I do well? What can I improve?

^{© 2024} Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

Name:	_ Title:

STUDENT WRITING CHECKLIST: CORRESPONDENCE

ORGANISATION/ PROGRESSION	☐ I reread the "WRITE" prompt. ☐ I understood the purpose for writing. ☐ I organised my ideas before writing. ☐ I included the date, a salutation, and a closing. ☐ I clearly stated my position/opinion. ☐ Every supporting idea relates to my position/opinion. ☐ I used transitions to connect sentences and idea.
DEVELOPMENT OF IDEAS	 □ I included enough information to support my position/opinion and explain my ideas. □ I used specific reasons and evidence to support my ideas. □ I made my writing clear and interesting. □ I used persuasion when appropriate.
USE OF LANGUAGE/ CONVENTIONS	 □ I used specific, descriptive words to support my ideas. □ I reread my sentences to make sure they are complete and make sense. □ I checked my spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar.
NOTES	What did I do well? What can I improve?

^{© 2024} Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

Name:	_ Title:

STUDENT WRITING CHECKLIST: LITERARY TEXT

ORGANISATION/ PROGRESSION	 □ I reread the "WRITE" prompt. □ I understood the purpose for my writing. □ My story moves forward in a way that makes sense. □ Every detail is an important part of my story. □ I used transitions to connect sentences and ideas.
DEVELOPMENT OF IDEAS	 My story has a beginning, middle, and end. I used specific details to make my story interesting. I told my story in an original way. I described the setting, characters, and mood.
USE OF LANGUAGE/ CONVENTIONS	 I used specific, descriptive words to make a strong impact on my reader. I reread my sentences to be sure they are complete and make sense. I checked my spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar.
NOTES	What did I do well? What can I improve?

^{© 2024} Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

SCORING RUBRIC: INFORMATIONAL TEXT

SCORE	LIMITED (1)	BASIC (2)	SATISFACTORY (3)	ACCOMPLISHED (4)
Organisation/ Progression	 Organisation doesn't fit purpose and prompt. Central idea is missing, unclear, or illogical. Extraneous information doesn't relate to topic. Progression of ideas is weak. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions disrupt flow of essay. 	 Organisation somewhat fits purpose and prompt. Central idea is weak or unclear. Some irrelevant information included. Progression of ideas not always controlled and logical. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions somewhat disrupt flow of essay. 	Organisation mostly fits purpose and prompt. Central idea is clear. Mostly relevant information is included. Progression of ideas is generally controlled and logical. Transitions link ideas to support flow of essay.	 Organisation fully addresses purpose and prompt. Central idea is clear and precise. Relevant, focused ideas support coherence and unity. Progression of ideas is well-controlled and logical. Transitions are meaningful and enhance flow of essay.
Development of Ideas	 Ideas are undeveloped or unrelated. Details and examples are inappropriate or missing. Writing is weak and not linked to prompt. Essay demonstrates a lack of understanding of informational/expository writing. 	 Ideas are minimally developed. Some details and examples are provided. Writing is not thoughtful and is somewhat formulaic. Essay demonstrates a limited understanding of informational/expository writing. 	 Ideas are sufficiently developed. Details and examples are specific and appropriate. Writing reflects some thoughtfulness and originality. Essay demonstrates a sound understanding of informational/expository writing. 	 Ideas are fully developed. Details and examples are specific and well-chosen. Writing is thoughtful and engaging. Essay demonstrates a thorough understanding of informational/expository writing.
Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage)	• Word choice is limited or vague. • Sentences are simple, awkward, or uncontrolled. • Essay demonstrates poor use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. • Numerous errors disrupt fluency and interfere with meaning.	Word choice is general or imprecise. Sentences are awkward or somewhat uncontrolled. Essay demonstrates limited use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Some errors disrupt fluency or meaning.	• Word choice is mostly clear and specific. • Sentences are varied and adequately controlled. • Essay demonstrates adequate use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. • A few errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.	Word choice is purposeful and precise. Sentences are purposeful, varied, and well-controlled. Essay demonstrates correct use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Minor errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.

© 2024 Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

SCORING RUBRIC: PROCEDURAL TEXT

	SCORE	LIMITED (1)	BASIC (2)	SATISFACTORY (3)	ACCOMPLISHED (4)
9	Organisation/ Progression	 Organisation doesn't fit purpose and prompt. Central idea is missing, unclear, or illogical. Extraneous information doesn't relate to topic. Progression of ideas is weak. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions disrupt flow of essay. 	 Organisation somewhat fits purpose and prompt. Central idea is weak or unclear. Some irrelevant information included. Progression of ideas not always controlled and logical. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions somewhat disrupt flow of essay. 	 Organisation mostly fits purpose and prompt. Central idea is clear. Mostly relevant information is included. Progression of ideas is generally controlled and logical. Transitions link ideas to support flow of essay. 	 Organisation fully addresses purpose and prompt. Central idea is clear and precise. Relevant, focused ideas support coherence and unity. Progression of ideas is well-controlled and logical. Transitions are meaningful and enhance flow of essay.
Δ	Development of Ideas	 Ideas are undeveloped or unrelated. Details and examples are inappropriate or missing. Writing is weak and not linked to prompt. Essay demonstrates a lack of understanding of informational/procedural writing. 	 Ideas are minimally developed. Some details and examples are provided. Writing is not thoughtful and is somewhat formulaic. Essay demonstrates a limited understanding of informational/procedural writing. 	 Ideas are sufficiently developed. Details and examples are specific and appropriate. Writing reflects some thoughtfulness and originality. Essay demonstrates a sound understanding of informational/procedural writing. 	 Ideas are fully developed. Details and examples are specific and well-chosen. Writing is thoughtful and engaging. Essay demonstrates a thorough understanding of informational/procedural writing.
0 –	Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage)	 Word choice is limited or vague. Sentences are simple, awkward, or uncontrolled. Essay demonstrates poor use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Numerous errors disrupt fluency and interfere with meaning. 	Word choice is general or imprecise. Sentences are awkward or somewhat uncontrolled. Essay demonstrates limited use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Some errors disrupt fluency or meaning.	Word choice is mostly clear and specific. Sentences are varied and adequately controlled. Essay demonstrates adequate use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. A few errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.	Word choice is purposeful and precise. Sentences are purposeful, varied, and well-controlled. Essay demonstrates correct use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Minor errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.

© 2024 Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

SCORING RUBRIC: ARGUMENTATIVE TEXT

SCORE	LIMITED (1)	BASIC (2)	SATISFACTORY (3)	ACCOMPLISHED (4)
Organisation/ Progression	 Organisation doesn't fit purpose and prompt. Writer's position is missing, unclear, or illogical. Extraneous information doesn't relate to position/opinion. Progression of ideas is weak. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions disrupt flow of essay. 	 Organisation somewhat fits purpose and prompt. Writer's position is weak or unclear. Some irrelevant information included. Progression of ideas not always controlled and logical. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions somewhat disrupt flow of essay. 	 Organisation mostly fits purpose and prompt. Writer's position is clear. Mostly relevant information is included. Progression of ideas is generally controlled and logical. Transitions link ideas to support flow of essay. 	 Organisation fully addresses purpose and prompt. Writer's position is clear and precise. Relevant, focused ideas support coherence and unity. Progression of ideas is well-controlled and logical. Transitions are meaningful and enhance flow of essay.
Development of Ideas	 Ideas are undeveloped or unrelated. Reasons and evidence are inappropriate or missing. Writing is weak and not linked to prompt. Essay demonstrates a lack of understanding of argument/opinion writing. 	 Ideas are minimally developed. Some reasons and evidence are provided. Writing is not thoughtful and is somewhat formulaic. Essay demonstrates a limited understanding of argument/opinion writing. 	 Ideas are sufficiently developed. Reasons and evidence are specific and appropriate. Writing reflects some thoughtfulness and originality. Essay demonstrates a sound understanding of argument/opinion writing. 	 Ideas are fully developed. Reasons and evidence are specific and well-chosen. Writing is thoughtful and engaging. Essay demonstrates a thorough understanding of argument/opinion writing.
Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage)	 Word choice is limited or vague. Sentences are simple, awkward, or uncontrolled. Essay demonstrates poor use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Numerous errors disrupt fluency and interfere with meaning. 	Word choice is general or imprecise. Sentences are awkward or somewhat uncontrolled. Essay demonstrates limited use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Some errors disrupt fluency or meaning.	Word choice is mostly clear and specific. Sentences are varied and adequately controlled. Essay demonstrates adequate use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. A few errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.	Word choice is purposeful and precise. Sentences are purposeful, varied, and well-controlled. Essay demonstrates correct use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Minor errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.

© 2024 Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

SCORING RUBRIC: CORRESPONDENCE

SCORE	LIMITED (1)	BASIC (2)	SATISFACTORY (3)	ACCOMPLISHED (4)
Organisation/ Progression	 Organising structure is inappropriate to address prompt. Does not include date, salutation, and closing. Writer's position is missing, unclear, or illogical. Extraneous information and shifting ideas. Progression of ideas is weak. Repetition, wordiness, or lack of transitions disrupts flow of essay. 	 Organising structure is partly appropriate to address prompt. Includes incomplete date, salutation, and closing. Writer's position is weak or somewhat unclear. Some irrelevant information Progression of ideas is not always logical or controlled. Some repetition, wordiness, or lack of transitions cause minor disruptions in flow of essay. 	 Organising structure is mostly appropriate to address prompt. Includes generally appropriate date, salutation, and closing. Writer's position is clear. Mostly relevant ideas with only minor lapses in focus. Progression of ideas is generally logical and controlled. Most transitions are meaningful and support flow of essay. 	Organising structure is clearly appropriate to address prompt. Includes appropriate date, salutation, and closing. Writer's position is clear and precise. Relevant, focused ideas support coherence and unity. Progression of ideas is logical and well controlled. Transitions are meaningful and enhance flow of essay.
Development of Ideas	 Ideas are undeveloped or unrelated. Reasons and evidence are inappropriate, vague or insufficient. Essay is insubstantial and weakly linked to prompt. Demonstrates lack of understanding of expository writing. 	Ideas are minimally developed. Reasons and evidence are not always appropriate or are only partially presented. Essay reflects little thoughtfulness and is formulaic. Demonstrates limited understanding of expository writing.	Ideas are sufficiently developed. Reasons and evidence are specific and appropriate. Essay reflects some thoughtfulness and originality. Demonstrates good understanding of expository writing.	 Ideas are effectively developed. Reasons and evidence are specific and well-chosen. Essay is thoughtful and engaging. Demonstrates thorough understanding of expository writing.
Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage)	 Word choice is vague or limited. Sentences are simplistic, awkward, or uncontrolled. Limited use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Numerous errors that disrupt fluency or interfere with meaning. 	 Word choice is vague or limited. Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage) Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage) Word choice is general or imprecise. Sentences are awkward or somewhat uncontrolled. somewhat uncontrolled. Partial use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Numerous errors that disrupt fluency or interfere with meaning. Word choice is general or specific. Sentences are awkward or adequately con adequately con capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Some errors that disrupt fluency or interfere with meaning. 	Word choice is clear and specific. Sentences are varied and adequately controlled. Adequate use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Some errors that do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.	Word choice is purposeful and precise. Sentences are purposeful, varied, and well controlled. Consistent use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Minor errors that do not detract from fluency or clarity.

S 2024 Lexia, a Currinium Leurining Group company. Lexia® Powerup Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

SCORING RUBRIC: LITERARY TEXT

SCORE	LIMITED (1)	BASIC (2)	SATISFACTORY (3)	ACCOMPLISHED (4)
Organisation/ Progression	 Organisation doesn't fit purpose and prompt. Story concept lacks focus. Story arc is weak. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions disrupt story line. 	 Organisation somewhat fits purpose and prompt. Story concept has limited focus. Story arc is inconsistent. Repetition, wordiness, and lack of transitions somewhat disrupts story line. 	 Organisation mostly fits purpose and prompt. Specific story concept has generally sustained focus. Story arc is adequately controlled. Transitions are meaningful and support flow of story line. 	 Organisation fully addresses purpose and prompt. Specific story concept given sustained focus. Story arc is well-controlled. Transitions are meaningful and enhance flow of story line.
Development of Ideas	 Plot is undeveloped. Details are inappropriate or missing. Story concept is weakly linked to prompt. Setting, characters, and mood are not developed. 	 Plot is minimally developed. Details are sometimes inappropriate or too general. Story concept is formulaic. Setting, characters, and mood are minimally developed. 	 Plot is sufficiently developed. Details are specific and add substance. Story concept reflects some thoughtfulness and originality. Setting, characters, and mood are developed. 	 Plot is fully developed. Details are specific, well-chosen, and significant. Story concept is thoughtful, engaging, and original. Setting, characters, and mood are developed in detail to enhance story concept.
Language (spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, grammar, usage)	 Word choice is limited or vague. Sentences are simple, awkward, or uncontrolled. Story demonstrates poor use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Numerous errors disrupt fluency and interfere with meaning. 	Word choice is general or imprecise. Sentences are awkward or somewhat uncontrolled. Story demonstrates limited use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Some errors disrupt fluency or meaning.	Word choice is mostly clear and specific. Sentences are varied and adequately controlled. Story demonstrates adequate use of correct spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. A few errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.	Word choice is purposeful and precise. Sentences are purposeful, varied, and well-controlled. Story demonstrates correct use of spelling, capitalisation, punctuation, and grammar conventions. Minor errors do not disrupt fluency or affect clarity.

WRITING PROMPT INVENTORY

	Writing Type/Genre	Title	PowerUp Themes	Subject Areas
Н	Informational Text	Perseverance	L3 Determination L5 Perseverance	ELA
2		Summer	L16 Uniqueness	ELA
m		Education	L13 Conflict	Social Studies
4	Procedural Text	Hike	L11 Exploration	Social Studies Science
	Writing Type/Genre	Title	PowerUp Themes L = Level	Subject Areas
വ		Game	L6 Examination and Relaxation	Social Studies
9	Argumentative Text	Space	L11 Exploration L16 Uniqueness	Social Studies Science
_		Late Start	L14 Loyalty	Social Studies
ω		Curiosity	L7 Curiosity	ELA Social Studies

© 2024 Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

WRITING PROMPT INVENTORY continued

			F	
	Writing Type/Genre	Title	FowerUp Inemes L = Level	Subject Areas
တ		Mobile Phones	L5 Imagination and Education	Social Studies Science
10		Compassion	L10 Compassion	ELA Social Studies
11		Hero	L1 Transformation	ELA Social Studies
12	Correspondence	Rules	L2 Investigation L9 Expectation	Social Studies
	Writing Type/Genre	Title	PowerUp Themes L = Level	Subject Areas
13		Review	L8 Perceptiveness	ELA
14		Role Model	L1 Transformation	ELA Social Studies
15	Literary Text	Eleven	L11 Exploration	ELA
16		Dust of Snow	L4 Contemplation L5 Imagination	ELA
	-			

© 2024 Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.

WRITING PROMPT INVENTORY continued

Subject Areas	ELA	ELA Social Studies	ELA Social Studies	ELA Social Studies
PowerUp Themes L = Level	L6 Examination and Relaxation	L12 Resilience L14 Loyalty L16 Uniqueness	L3 Determination L15 Perseverance	L12 Resilience L14 Loyalty
Title	Relaxation	Wonder	Winning	The Outsiders
Writing Type/Genre				
	17	18	19	20

© 2024 Lexia, a Cambium Learning Group company. Lexia®, Lexia® PowerUp Literacy®, and other trademarks, names, and logos used herein are the property of Lexia and/or its subsidiaries, and are registered and/or used in the United States and other countries. Additional trademarks included herein are the property of their respective owners. All rights reserved.